

Anthropolis Seminar 20 April 2022 | 10-11h

INTEGRATING TODAY'S AND TOMORROW'S USERS IN MOBILITY SYSTEM DESIGN: POTENTIALS OF MATCHING PERSONAS AND SYNTHETIC POPULATIONS

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Partners of the Chair

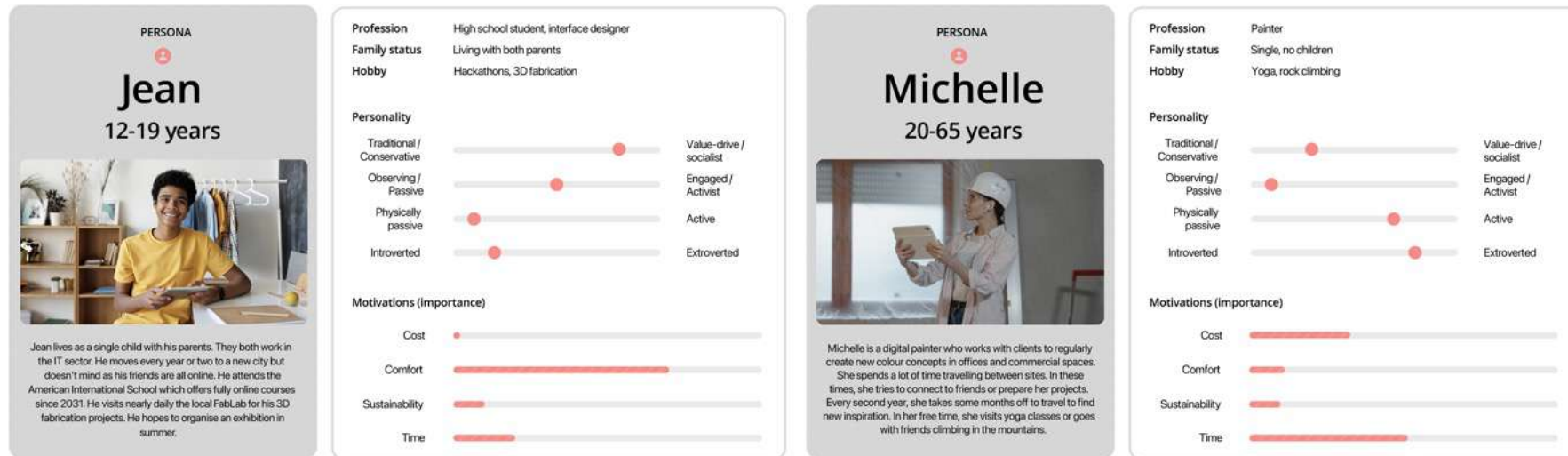


GROUPE RENAULT



INITIAL QUESTION

'What are synergies between **synthetic populations** and **persona-based approaches**, and how can they strengthen and complement each other?'



Sample personas for Rouen. Online workshop 19 May 2021, Human-robomobile relations across territories. Gall, T., Lecomte, R., and Vallet, F.

OVERVIEW OF PERSONAS AND SYNTHETIC POPULATIONS

Personas: Definition and usage in user-experience design

- Fictional user model used in design teams (Cooper, 1999)
- Shared basis for communication (Grudin & Pruitt, 2002)
- Also used in policy making to design services to the population (Gonzalez de Heredia et al., 2018)
- A potential lack of solid empirical grounding (Miaszkiewicz & Kozar, 2011)

The screenshot shows the Xtensio user persona template interface. At the top, it says "powerful business content together" and "Start editing your user persona and other collateral" with a "Get Started" button. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Profile Card:** A silhouette of a person, a quote field ("A quotation that captures this user's personality"), and fields for Age (1-100), Work (Job title), Family (Married, kids, etc.), Location (City, state), and Character (Type).
- Goals:** A list of goals to be completed, reached, or felt.
- Frustrations:** A list of challenges, obstacles, and problems with solutions.
- Bio:** A section for a short paragraph describing the user's journey.
- Personality:** A section with a grid of personality traits (Introvert/Extrovert, Thinking/Feeling, Sensing/Intuition, Judging/Perceiving) and progress bars.
- Motivation:** A section with a list of motivation factors (Incentive, Fear, Growth, Power, Social) and progress bars.
- Brands & Influencers:** A section with a list of brands and influencers and progress bars.
- Preferred Channels:** A section with a list of preferred channels (Traditional Ads, Online & Social Media, Referral, Guerrilla Efforts & PR) and progress bars.

Example of Xtensio persona template (Source: <https://xtensio.com/user-persona/>)

OVERVIEW OF PERSONAS AND SYNTHETIC POPULATIONS

Personas: Definition and usage in user-experience design

- Three ways to generate accurate personas: collect survey data; **cluster existing data from different sources**; iterate between interviews and survey data (Gonzalez de Heredia et al., 2018)

Example of computational
Persona generator
(Stevenson and Mattson, 2019)

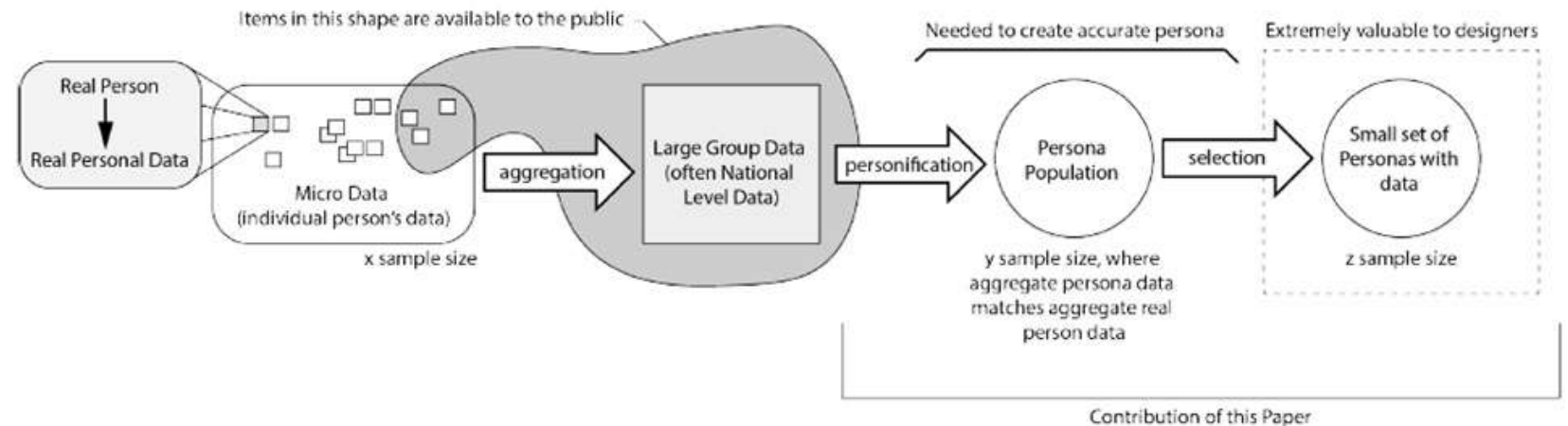


Figure 1. Process for creating a population of personas.

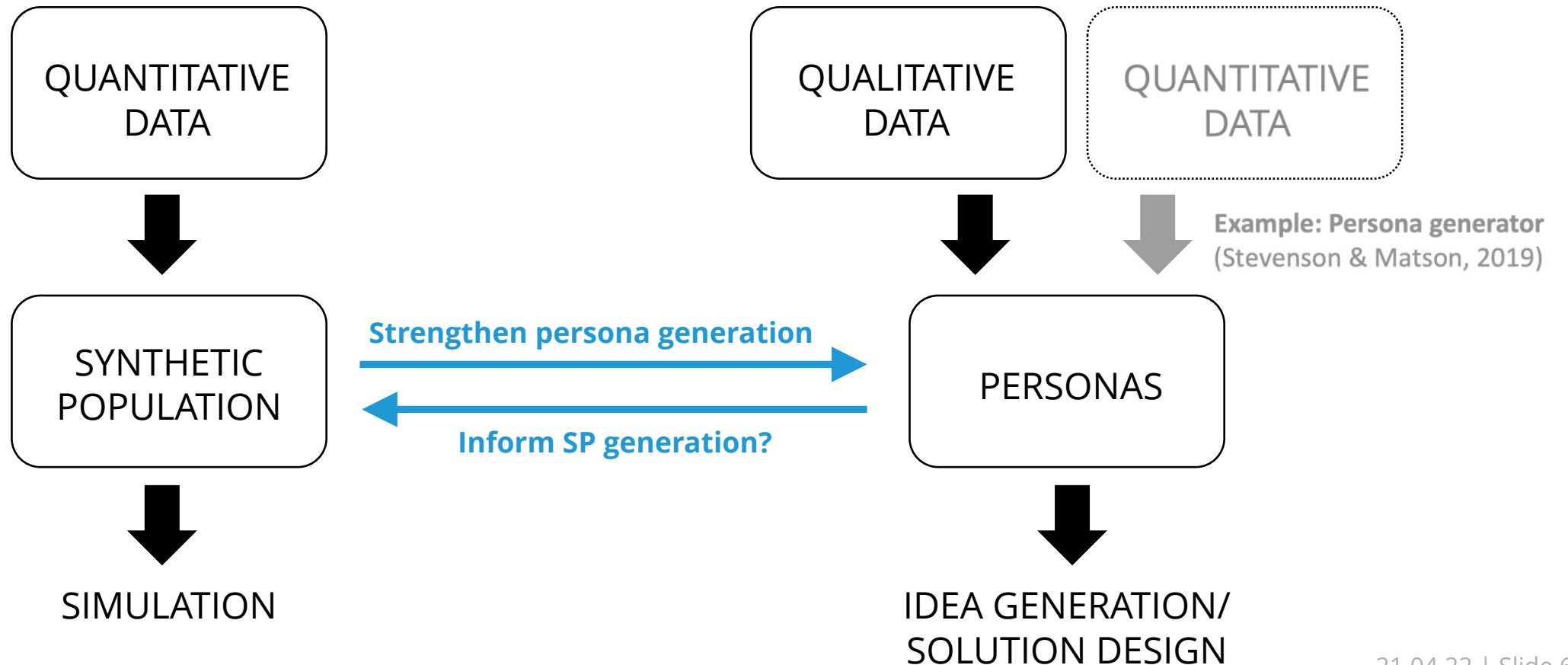
OVERVIEW OF PERSONAS AND SYNTHETIC POPULATIONS

Synthetic populations : Definition and usage in multi agent simulation

- Digital representations of the real population (Ramadan and Sisiopiku, 2020; Hermes and Poulsen, 2012).
- Frequently used in modelling the mobility patterns of the population > Simulation of novel mobility services (Hörl et al., 2021)
- Various approaches: Statistical fitting algorithms (Durán-Heras et al., 2018; Yameogo et al., 2021); Bayesian networks on sparse disaggregated data (Saadi et al., 2016)
- Despite the common attributes of personas and synthetic populations, their practical connection remains a challenge!

FRAMING THE PROPOSITION

Linking personas with synthetic populations

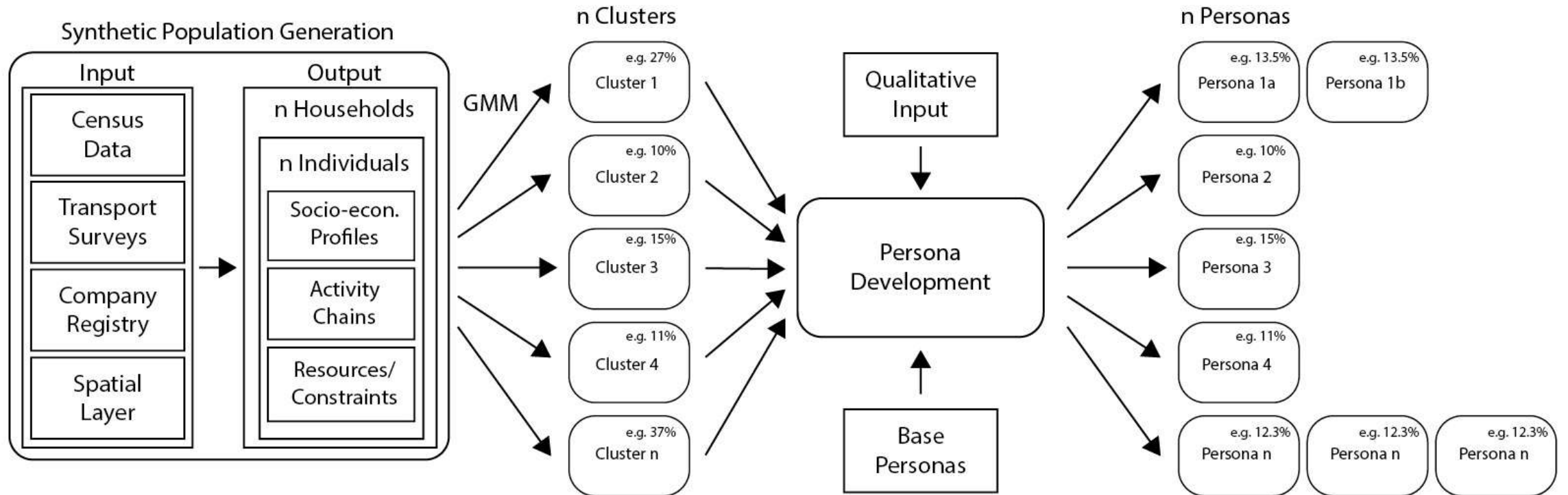


FRAMING THE PROPOSITION

Process description

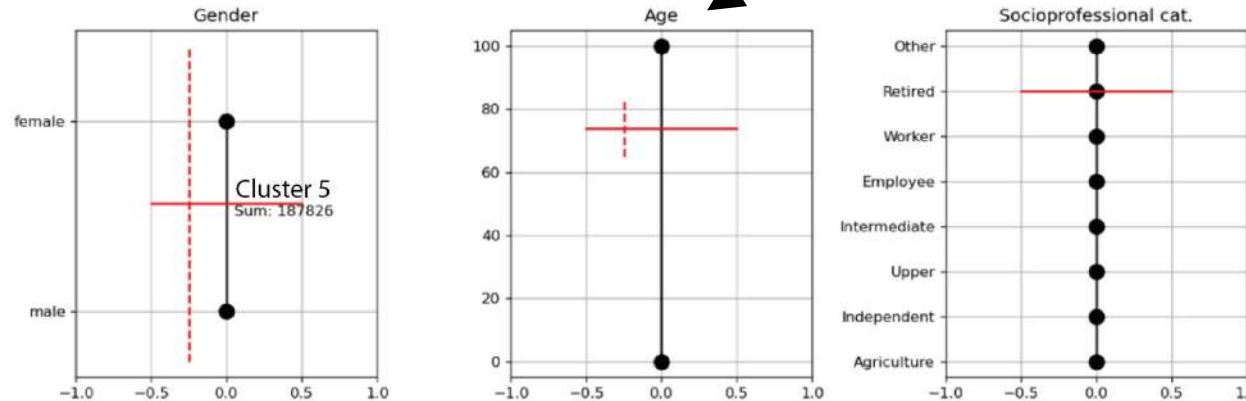
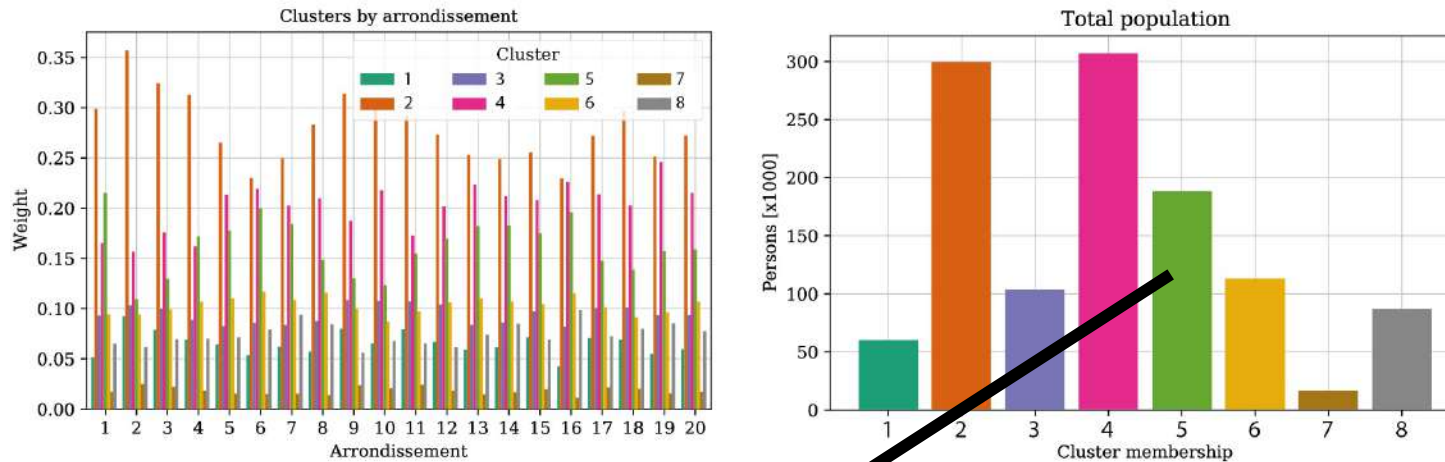
From **synthetic population** to **clusters**

...to **personas**



APPLICATION CASE: MOBILITY IN PARIS

Clustering the synthetic population of Paris in 8 classes with a Gaussian Mixture Model (GMM)

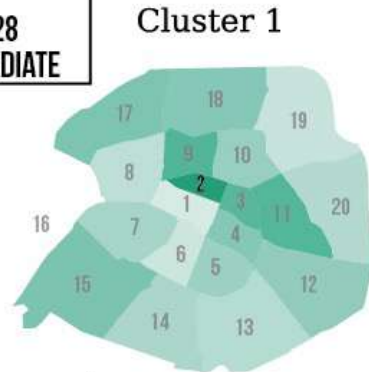


Example: Cluster 5

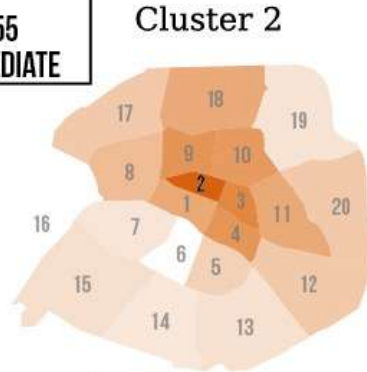
APPLICATION CASE: MOBILITY IN PARIS

Cluster distribution per arrondissement

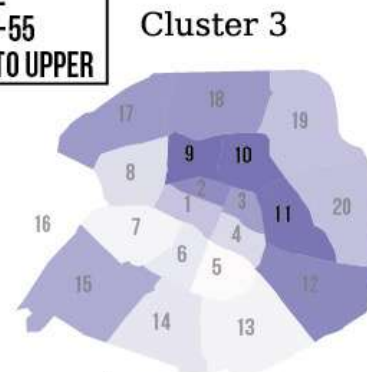
**FEMALE
AGE 21-28
INTERMEDIATE**



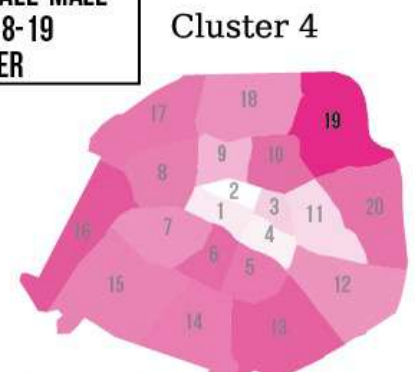
**MALE
AGE 30-55
INTERMEDIATE**



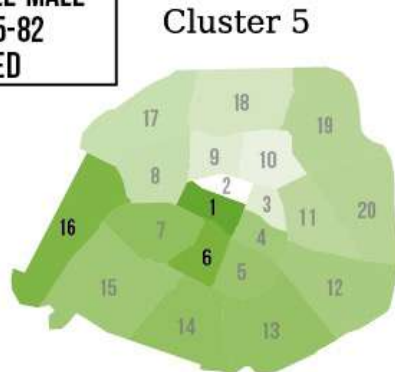
**FEMALE
AGE 35-55
EMPL. TO UPPER**



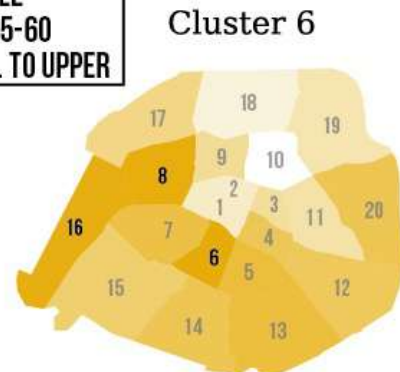
**FEMALE-MALE
AGE 8-19
OTHER**



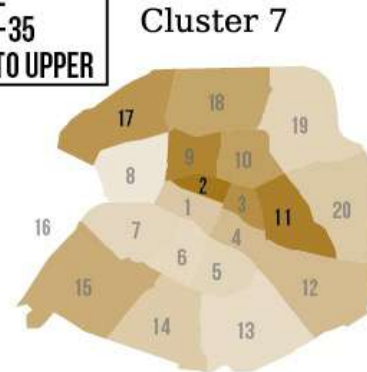
**FEMALE-MALE
AGE 65-82
RETIRED**



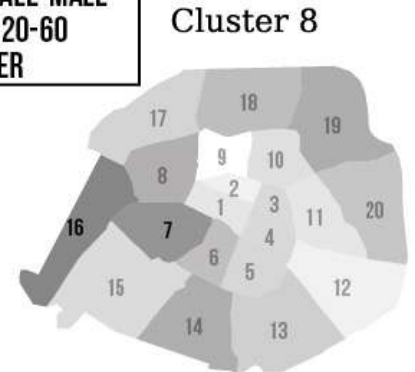
**FEMALE
AGE 45-60
EMPL. TO UPPER**



**FEMALE
AGE 30-35
EMPL. TO UPPER**



**FEMALE-MALE
AGE 20-60
OTHER**



(darker = higher occurrence)

APPLICATION CASE: MOBILITY IN PARIS

Matching existing personas with clusters

Base of test:
Qualitative
personas for
'Paris, an Air of
change' towards
2050 lifestyles
(Eliothe, 2017)

	PERSONAS	STÉPHANIE	MONIQUE	JACQUES	LEILA	JULIEN	ERIC	NADIA	OLGA	CAMILLE	EMILIE	MANUEL	THIERRY	ADNAN
AGE	41	65	68	28	32	53	53	77	22	34	39	50	22	
POSITION	Care assistant	Retired		IT project manager	Journalist	Asset manager	Retired	Student	Teacher	Civil servant	Job seeker	Syrian refugee		
CHILDREN	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0				
STATUS	Modest	High	Average	Very high	Average	Modest	Average	Modest	Very modest					
APP. SIZE	44 sqm	90 sqm	45 sqm	256 sqm	60 sqm	16 sqm	56 sqm	36 sqm	15 sqm					
ARRONDIS.	13th	4th	9th	7th	16th	19th	2th	14th	18th					
HOUSING	S	-	R	-	-	SH	-	S	H-T					
SHORT TRIPS	Car	Car	Petrol scooter	Car	Taxi	Bike	Public transport	Public transport (PT)	Walk/PT	Walk				
LONG TRIPS	Train	Car	Plane	Train	Plane	Car	Plane	Plane	Carsharing/train	Car	Plane	Car pooling	HiH	Carsharing
NUTRITION	Carnivore	Omnivore	Carnivore	Carnivore	Carnivore	Carnivore	Flexitarian	Flexitarian	Carnivore	Omnivore				
CLUSTER	C6	C5	C1	C2	C8	C6	C5	C1/C8	C7	C2	C8	C8		

1. Test age / position

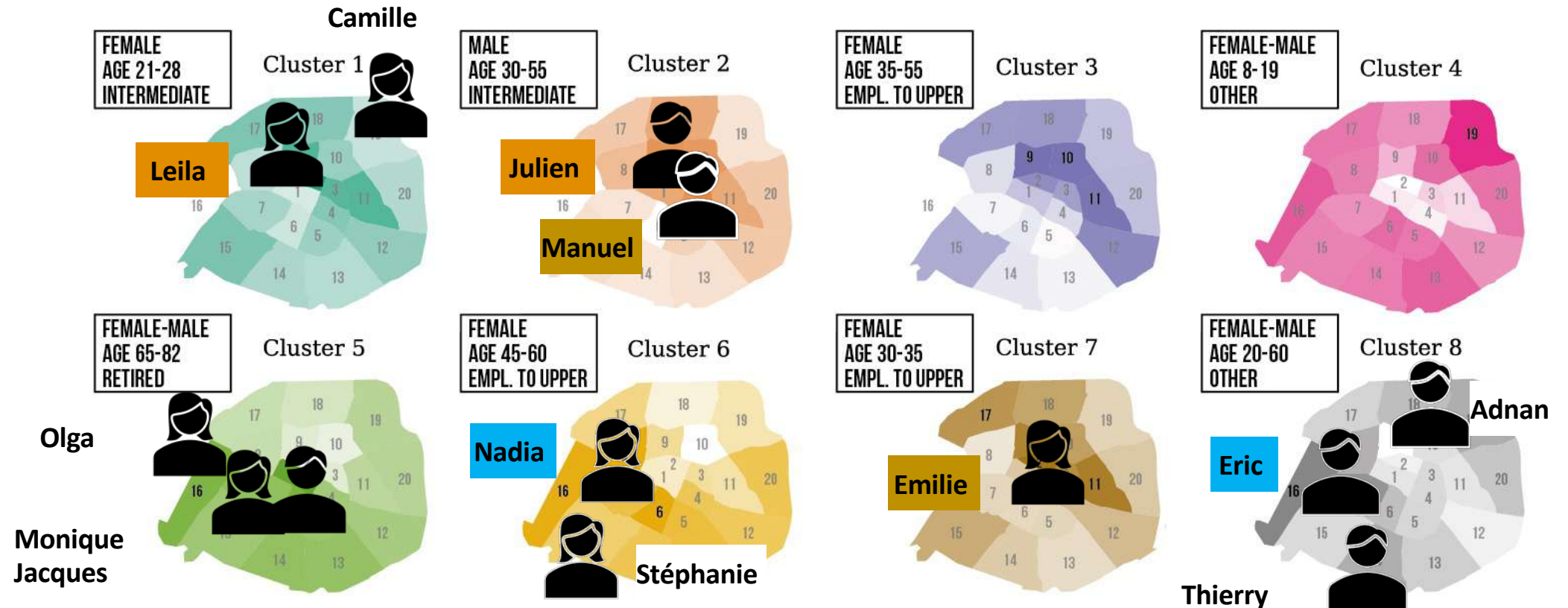
2. Test/adjust living area

3. Match persona & cluster

SH: Social housing; R: Rent; S: Shared; H: Hostel; T: Tent; PT: Public transport; HiH: Hitchhiking

APPLICATION CASE: MOBILITY IN PARIS

Outcome: A set of personas attached to a probable living area



CONCLUSION & DISCUSSION

- **We proposed a framework (1) to move from a synthetic population to personas following a data-driven approach; (2) to enable a collaboration between UX designers and data scientists**
- **Two directions of work:**
 - **Design of product and service development for a set of personas,**
 - **Simulation of individual behaviours of the same personas.**
- **We explored the possibility to match existing personas with a synthetic population (SP) for Paris area: enrich personas with living areas and make SP more tangible**
- **The approach allows to envisage the creation of **future personas** ... but special care to avoid a mismatch between current aggregated data and future projections**

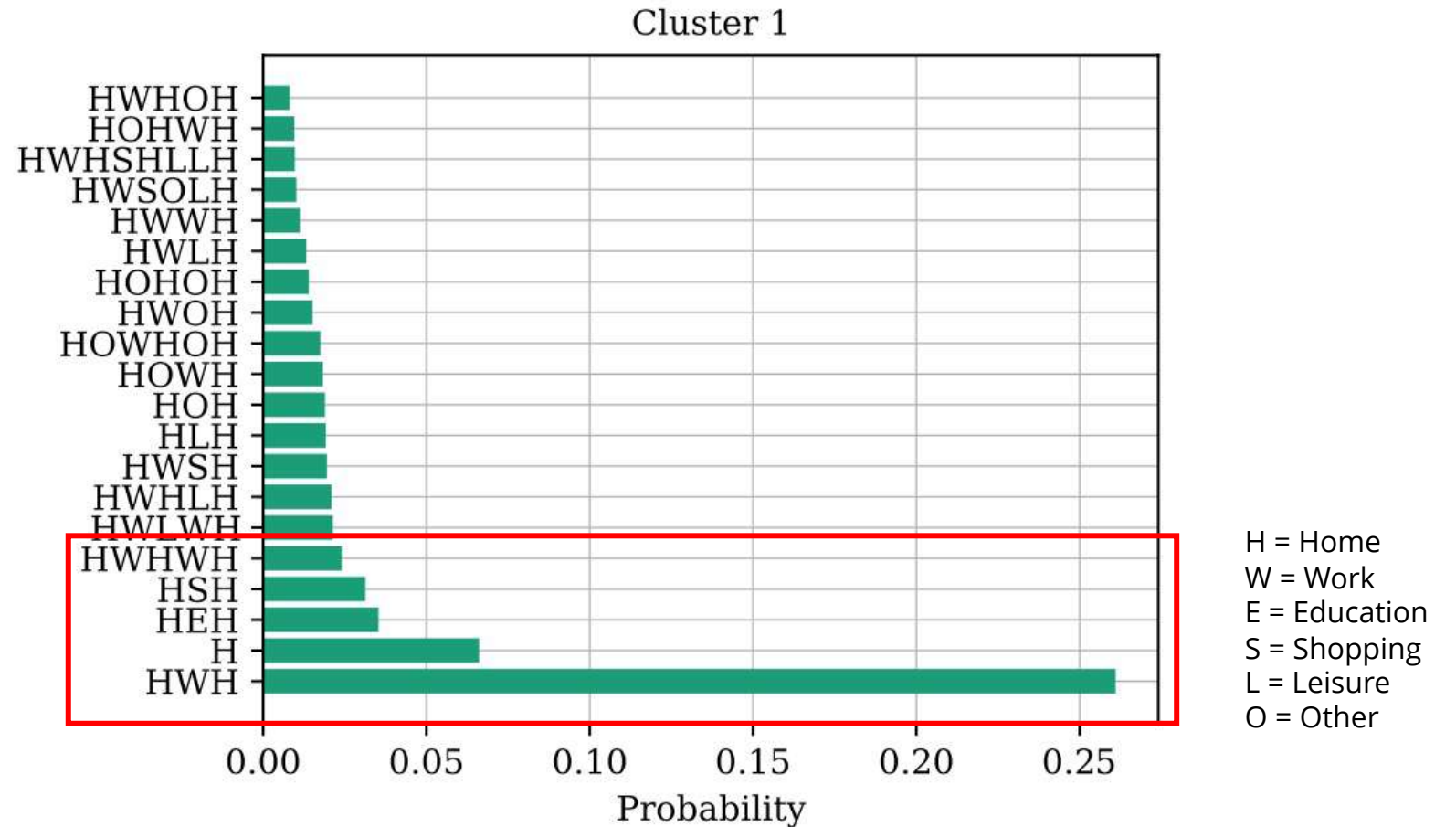
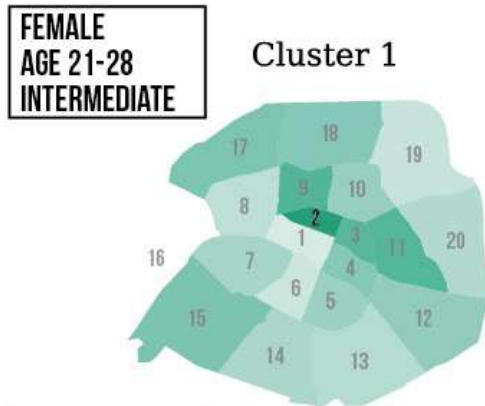
NEXT STEPS

1. Integration of activity chains

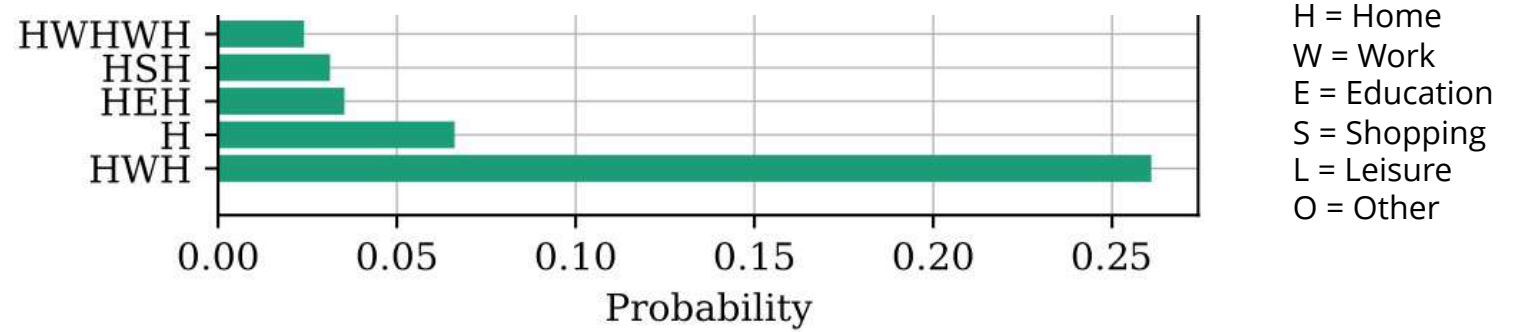
2. Reverse process

3. Application to future scenario planning

INTEGRATION OF ACTIVITY CHAINS



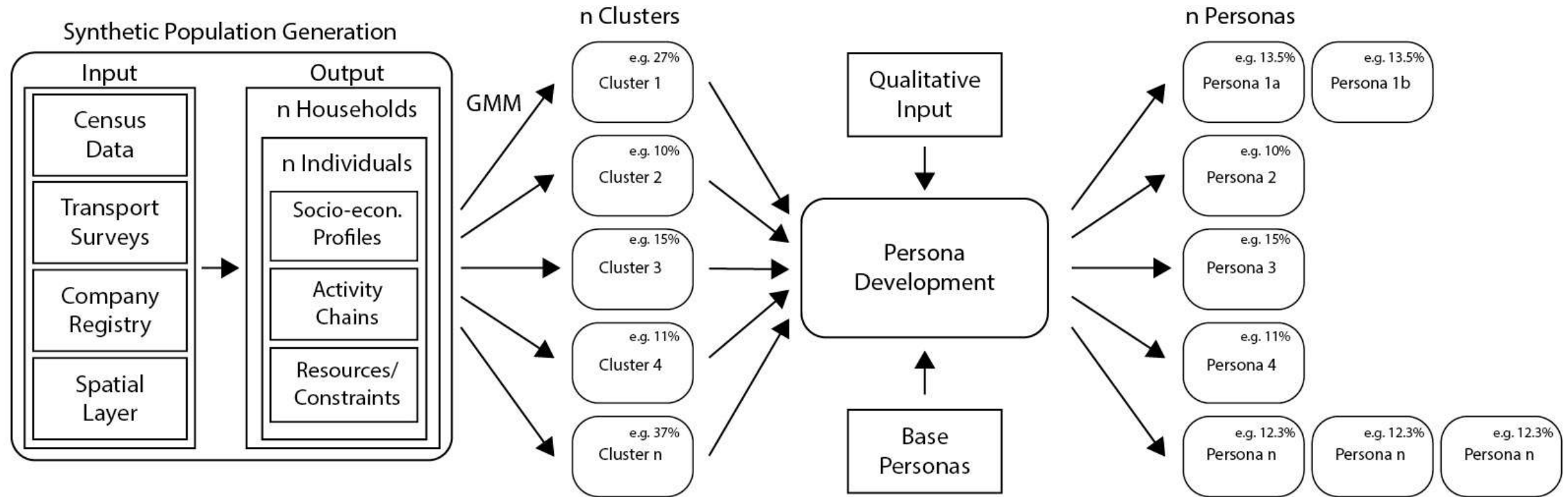
INTEGRATION OF ACTIVITY CHAINS



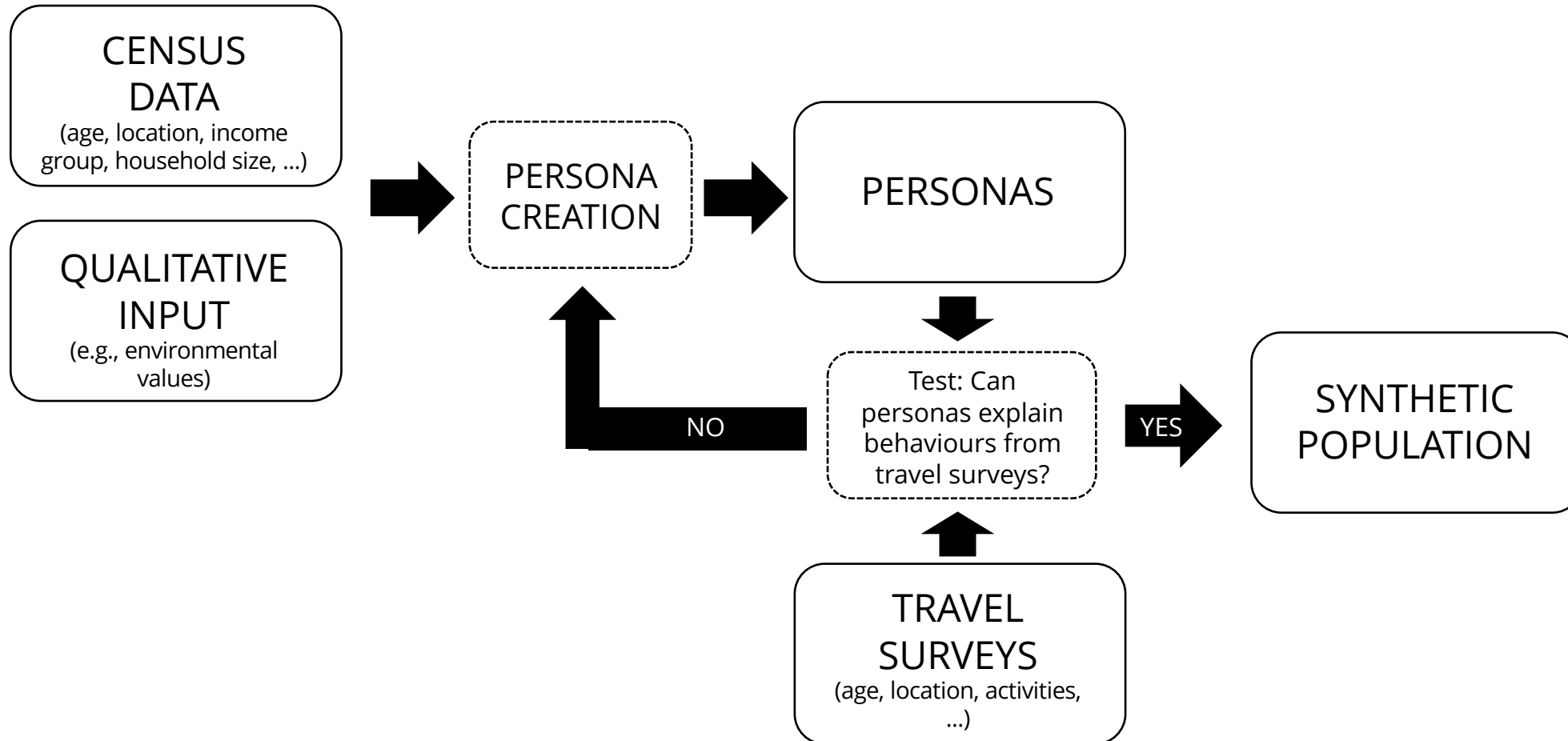
PERSONAS SUPPLEMENTED WITH ACTIVITIES, DURATIONS, & LOCATIONS



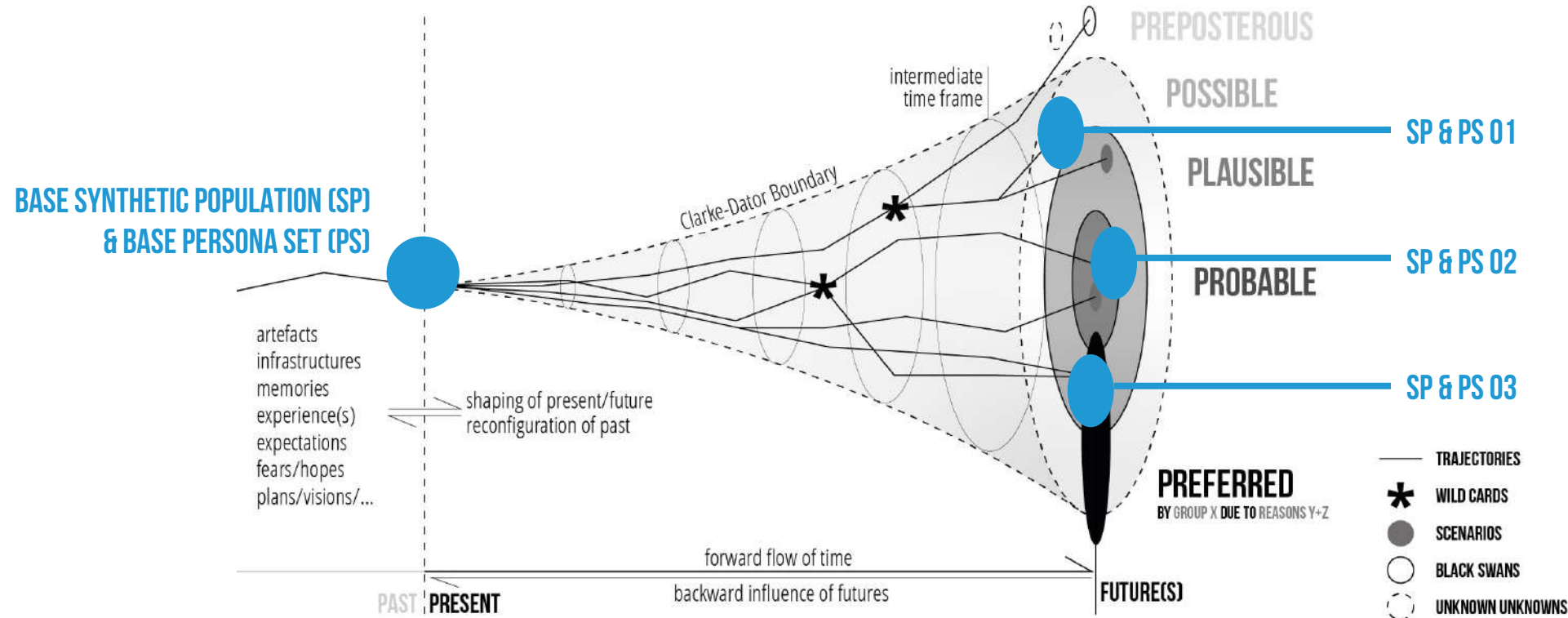
REVERSE PROCESS



REVERSE PROCESS



APPLY TO FUTURE SCENARIO PLANNING



Scenario planning is a tool to strategically integrate different alternatives in the process of preparing plans, policies, and solutions, that can make them more futureproof, flexible, and considerate of uncertainty.

REVERSE PROCESS

CENSUS
DATA 2030

(age, location, income
group, household size, ...)

1. Simulation of 2-4 possible
future demographic scenarios
(e.g., population growth, aging,
household size decrease)

REVERSE PROCESS

CENSUS DATA 2030

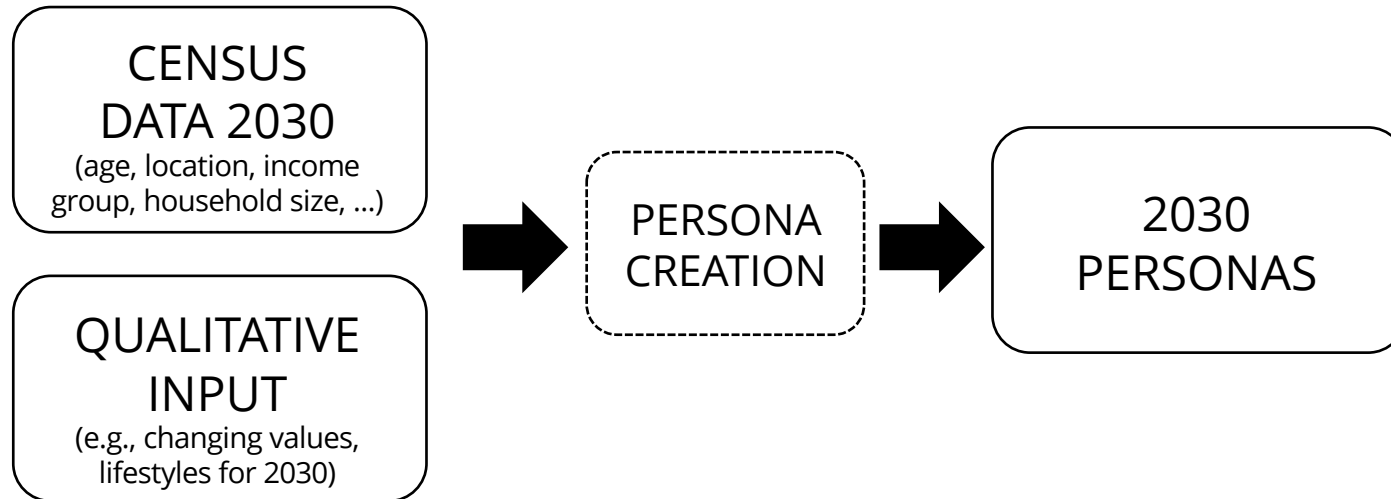
(age, location, income
group, household size, ...)

QUALITATIVE INPUT

(e.g., changing values,
lifestyles for 2030)

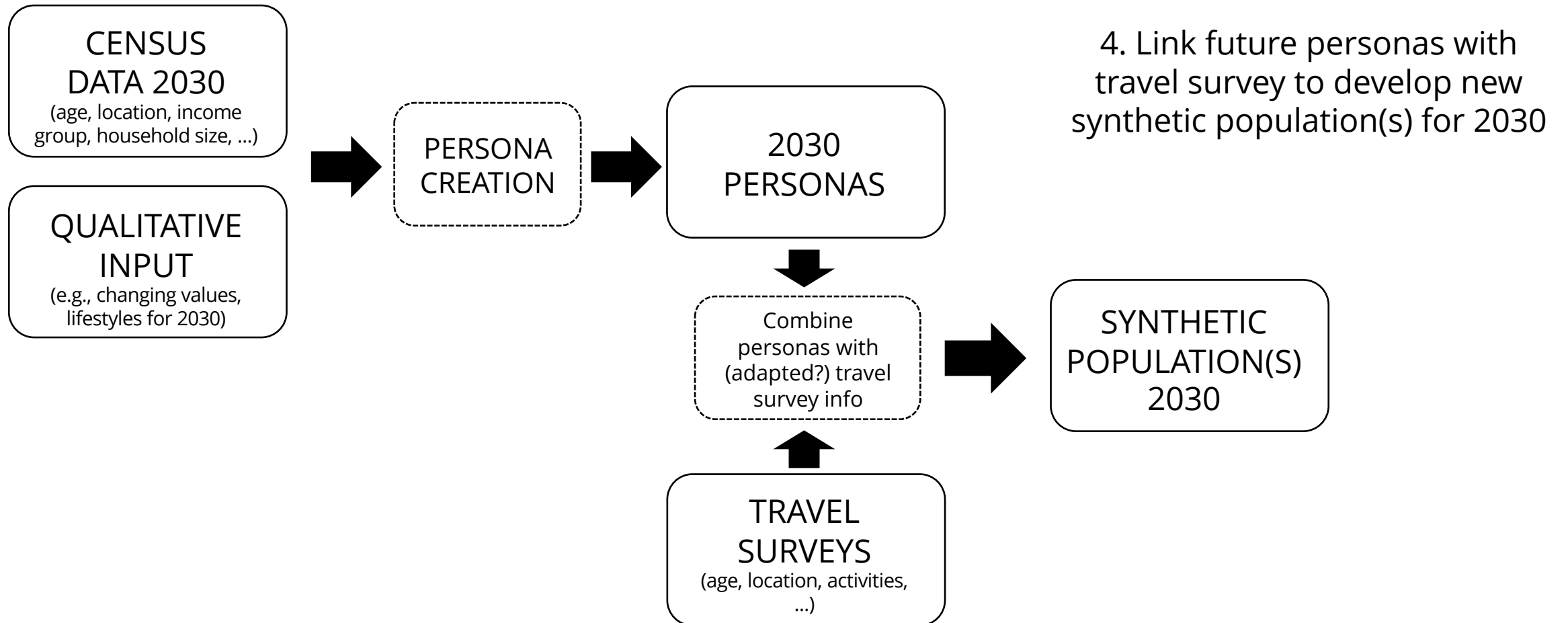
2. Integrate trends of lifestyles,
car ownership, ... for 2030
(+ one with unchanged values)

REVERSE PROCESS

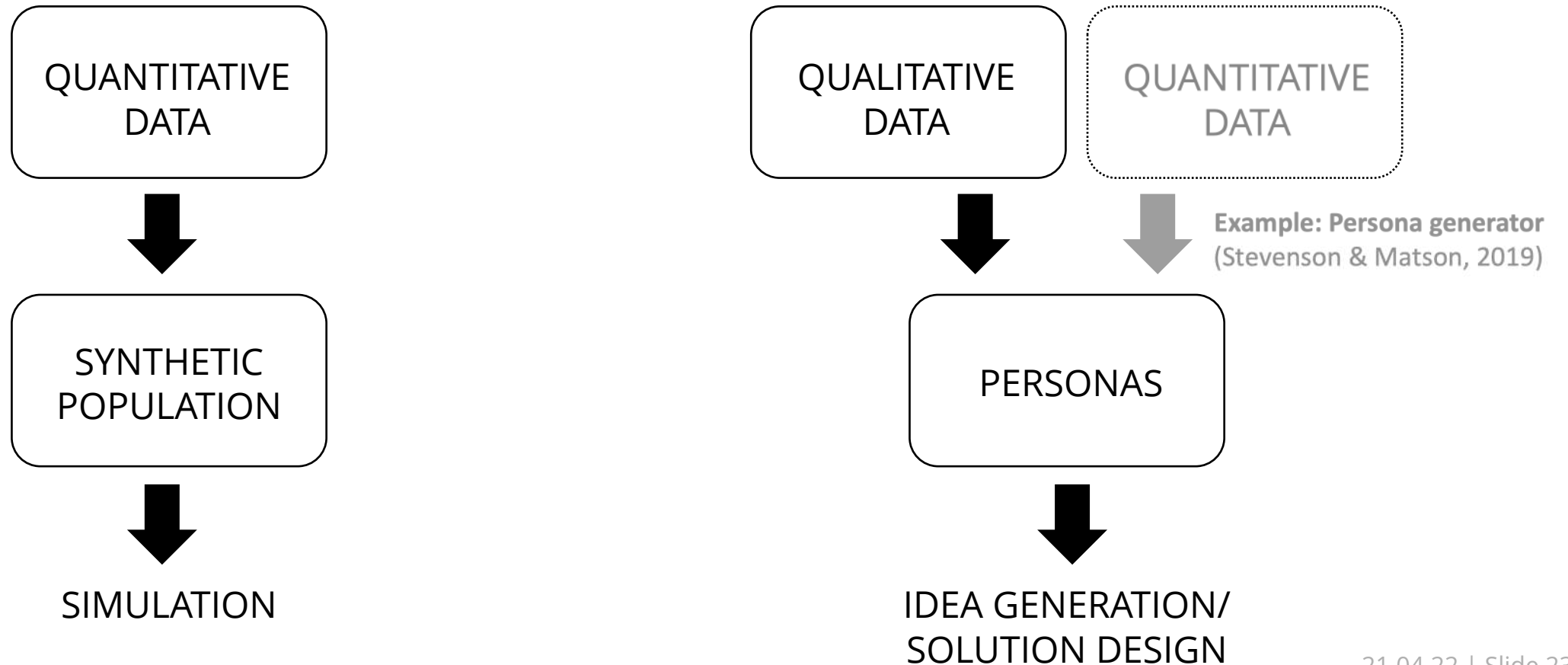


3. Generate personas with same methodology as for present

REVERSE PROCESS

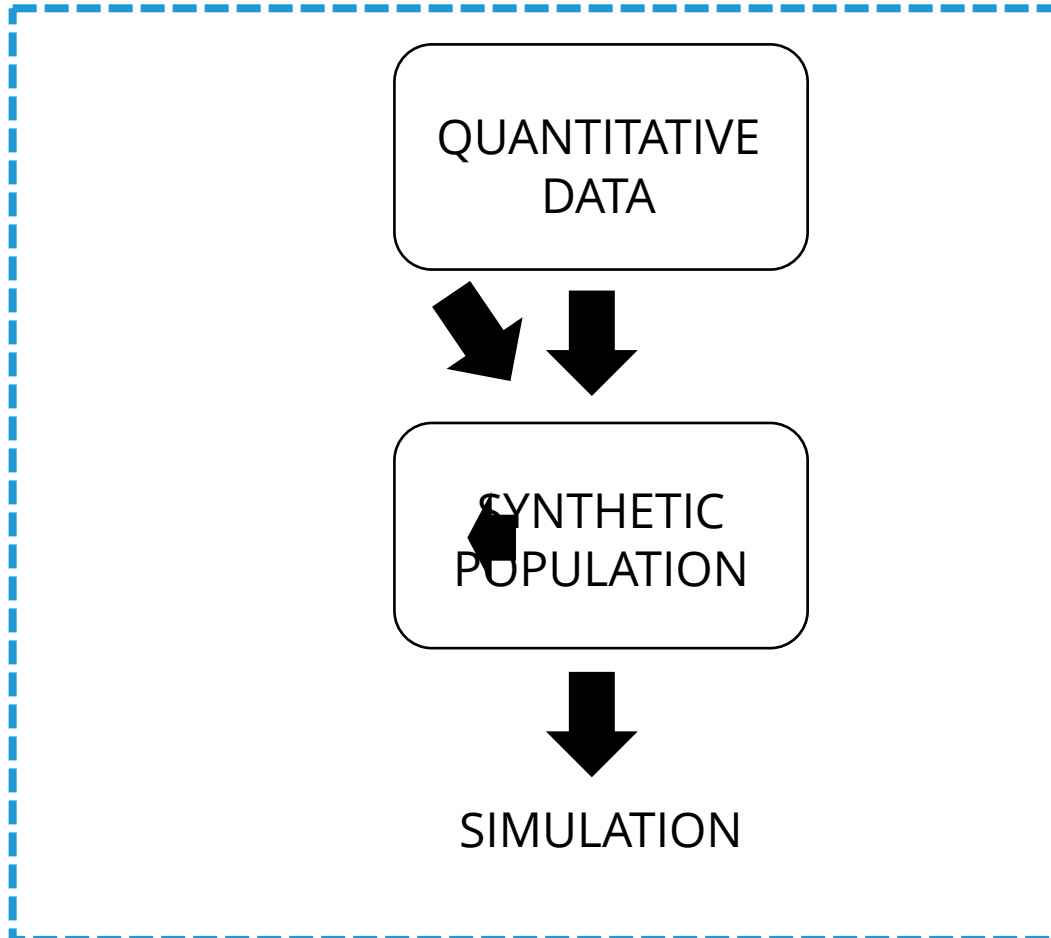


UPDATED INTEGRATED PROCESS

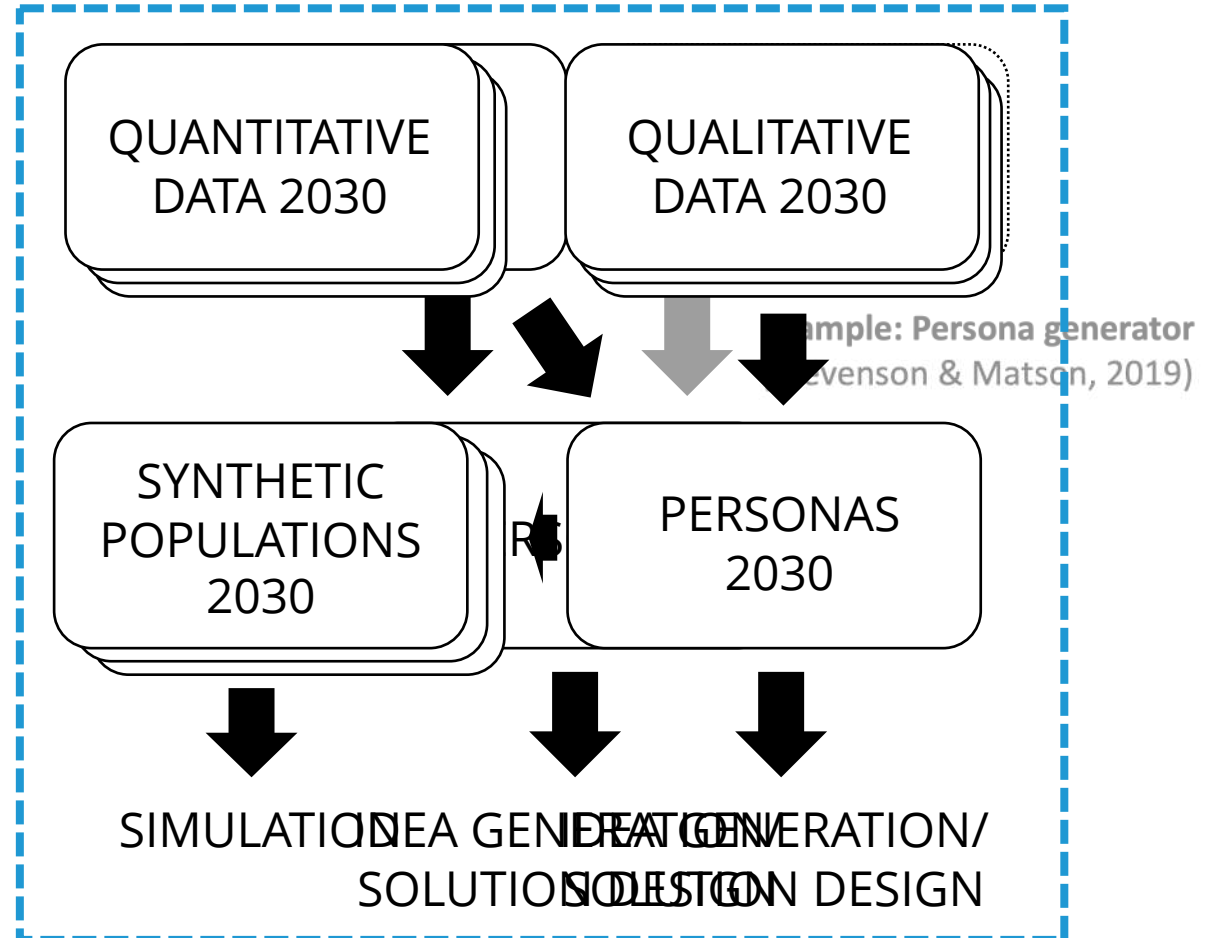


UPDATED INTEGRATED PROCESS

TODAY



FUTURE SCENARIOS



DISCUSSION

- Data-based, supplemented persona creation process
- Cross-disciplinary link between design & simulation
- Validation of personas via matching with travel survey data
- Novel workflow for generation of present synthetic population
- Combined workflow proposition for multiple future scenarios

=> The completed and ongoing work shall result in a validated approach to better integrate design and simulation in urban mobility management, both in the representation of today, as well as in possible future scenarios.

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THANK YOU

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